## CHIRAL APPLE HALVES AS DOUBLE-HELICAL STRUCTURAL MODELS OF PARALLEL STRANDS

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All the basic concepts and terminology of symmetry and extended arrays (e.g. unit-cells, asymmetric units, helical stereochemistry) will be explained in the introduction since audiences are usually unfamiliar with crystallographic nomenclature. The 'Royal Cut' (Coupe du Roi) represents an esthetic way used by some people to bisection apples into two homochiral identical halves. It can also be applied to rotational symmetry objects such as cubes, cylinders, cones, etc. The corresponding trisection affords three identical homochiral apple-thirds. It will be shown that Coupe du Roi cut apples represent a 4zscrew rotation-symmetry double-helix repeat unit (unit cell) of intertwined homochiral identical halves. Of the eight symmetry operations, screw rotation (combined rotation and translation) is unique in that it is the only one that has its own right- or left-handed  $n_1$ or  $n_{n-1}$ -screw-symmetry chiral pathways that are *independent* of the handedness of the individual molecules or polymeric residues that constitute the extended array in a crystal. For example, note the antiparallel right-handed poly(dA-dT)•poly(dA-dT) B-DNA duplex versus the (dC-dG)<sub>3</sub>•(dC-dG)<sub>3</sub> left-handed Z-DNA duplex hexameric unit. the other hand,  $2n_n$ -screw symmetry  $(2_1, 4_2, 6_3)$  arrangements do not have chiral pathways when they represent the spatial arrangement of individual molecules packed in However, within Coupe du Roi bisected apples, the two remaining nona crystal. contiguous (separated) uncut horizontal <sup>1</sup>/<sub>4</sub>-arcs provide physical constraints (i.e. nonsymmetry constraints) which induce chirality to a  $4_2$  double-helix depending upon the tropicity (directionality) of the cuts. Inspection of Coupe du Roi apples show that this non-crystallographic chirality affords a ½-turn double-helix composed of either two 41 right- or two 43 left-handed intertwined parallel strands. Ordinary single or multiplehelices require repeat units (unit cells) containing full-turns of a strand. The ability of a  $4_2$ -unit cell to contain only a  $\frac{1}{2}$ -turn of the duplex results from the cell's  $C_2$ -symmetry formula unit (either a top or bottom layer of two cut apple side-by-side quarters) occupying the P42 space group's 'special position of 2-fold rotational symmetry' since both  $C_2$  axes spatially coincide. The result is a shrinking of the unit-cell's screw-axis from one-full turn to a length of only 1/2-turn. X-ray fiber diffraction of Poly(rA)•Poly(rA) acid form shows a unit cell of one ½-turn of a dextrorotatory 42 duplex composed of two intertwined parallel tetranucleotide units. The (P)-chirality of this arrangement results from the chemical constraint of having rA residues ligated (bonded) together into a polymeric strand (i.e. another non-crystallographic constraint). The chemical equivalent of a Coupe du Roi  $6_3$ -symmetry trisectioned apple is the 1/3turn fiber diffraction unit cell of a  $(1\rightarrow 3)$ - $\beta$ -D-glucan Curdlan parallel triple-helix.